#### 103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 2490

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to establish a comprehensive program for conserving and managing wetlands and waters of the United States, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 30 (legislative day, September 12), 1994 Mr. Pressler introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

## A BILL

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to establish a comprehensive program for conserving and managing wetlands and waters of the United States, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Comprehensive Wet-
- 5 lands Conservation and Management Act of 1994".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

- (1) wetlands play an integral role in maintaining high quality of life through material contributions to the national economy, food supply, water supply and quality, flood control, and fish, wildlife, and plant resources, and to the health, safety, recreation, and economic well-being of citizens throughout the United States;
  - (2) wetlands serve important ecological and natural resource functions, such as providing essential nesting and feeding habitat for waterfowl, other wildlife, and many rare and endangered species, fisheries habitat, the enhancement of water quality, and natural flood control:
  - (3) much of the wetlands resource of the United States has sustained significant loss or degradation, resulting in the need for effective programs to limit the loss and degradation of ecologically significant wetlands and to provide for long-term restoration and enhancement of the wetlands resource base;
  - (4) because 75 percent of the wetlands in the lower 48 States is privately owned and because the majority of the population of the United States lives in or near wetlands, an effective wetlands conservation and management program must reflect a balanced approach that conserves and enhances impor-

tant wetlands functions and values while observing private property rights, recognizing the need for essential public infrastructure, such as highways, ports, airports, sewer systems, and public water supply systems, and providing the opportunity for sus-

tained economic growth; and

- (5) the Federal permit program established under section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1344) was not originally conceived as a wetlands regulatory program and is insufficient to ensure that the wetlands resource base of the United States will be conserved and managed in a fair and environmentally sound manner.
- 15 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to estab-16 lish a new Federal regulatory program for activities in 17 wetlands and waters of the United States to—
  - (1) assert Federal regulatory jurisdiction over a broad category of specifically identified activities that result in the loss or degradation of wetlands and waters of the United States:
  - (2) account for variations in wetlands functions or values in determining the character and extent of regulation of activities occurring in wetlands;

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1	(3) provide sufficient regulatory incentives for
2	conservation, restoration, or enhancement activities;
3	(4) encourage conservation of resources on an
4	ecosystem basis to the fullest extent practicable; and
5	(5) balance public and private interests in de-
6	termining the conditions under which activity in wet-
7	lands and waters of the United States may occur.
8	SEC. 3. WETLANDS CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT.
9	Title IV of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
10	(33 U.S.C. 1341 et seq.) is amended by striking section
11	404 and inserting the following new section:
12	"SEC. 404. PERMITS FOR ACTIVITIES IN WETLANDS OR WA-
13	TERS OF THE UNITED STATES.
14	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
15	"(1) ACTIVITY IN WETLANDS OR WATERS OF
16	THE UNITED STATES.—The term 'activity in wet-
17	lands or waters of the United States' means—
18	"(A) the discharge of dredged or fill mate-
19	rial into waters of the United States, including
20	wetlands at a specific disposal site; or
21	"(B) the draining, channelization, or exca-
22	vation of wetlands.
	"(2) CREATION.—The term 'creation', used
23	(2) CREATION.—The term creation, used
23 24	with respect to wetlands, means an activity that

- wetlands did not formerly occur, for the purpose of compensation.
  - "(3) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director', used without further modification, means the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
  - "(4) ENHANCEMENT.—The term 'enhancement', used with respect to wetlands or waters of the United States, means an activity that increases the value of a function in wetlands or waters of the United States.
  - "(5) FASTLANDS.—The term 'fastlands' means lands located behind permitted manmade structures, such as lands located behind a levee to permit utilization of the lands for commercial, industrial, or residential purposes consistent with each local land use planning requirement.
  - "(6) Growing season.—The term 'growing season' means, for each plant hardiness zone, the period between the average date of last frost in spring and the average date of first frost in autumn.
  - "(7) Incidentally created.—The term 'incidentally created', used with respect to wetlands, means lands that otherwise meet the standards for delineation of wetlands described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (g), if a characteristic of the

- wetlands is the unintended result of a human induced alteration of hydrology.
  - "(8) MAINTENANCE.—The term 'maintenance' means an activity undertaken to ensure continuation of wetlands or the accomplishment of a project goal after a wetlands restoration or wetlands creation project has been technically completed, including water level manipulation and control of any nonnative plant species.
    - "(9) MITIGATION BANKING.—The term 'mitigation banking' means wetlands restoration, enhancement, preservation, or creation for the purpose of providing compensation for wetlands loss or degradation.

"(10) NORMAL FARMING, SILVICULTURE, AQUA-CULTURE, OR RANCHING ACTIVITY.—The term 'normal farming, silviculture, aquaculture, or ranching activity' means a normal ongoing practice identified as a normal ongoing activity by the Secretary of Agriculture (in consultation with the Cooperative Extension Service for each State, the land-grant university system, and the agricultural colleges of the State), taking into account any existing practice (as of the date of the identification) and any other prac-

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- tice that may be identified in consultation with the affected industry or community.
- "(11) PRIOR CONVERTED CROPLAND.—The term 'prior converted cropland' means lands that were both manipulated (by drainage or other physical alteration to remove excess water from the land) and cropped before December 23, 1985, to the extent that the lands no longer exhibit significant wetlands functions or values.
  - "(12) Restoration.—The term 'restoration', used with respect to wetlands, means an activity undertaken to return wetlands from a disturbed or altered condition with lesser wetlands acreage or fewer wetlands functions or values to a previous condition with greater wetlands acreage or more wetlands functions or values.
  - "(13) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary', used without further modification, means the Secretary of the Army.
  - "(14) Temporary.—The term 'temporary', used with respect to an impact, means the disturbance or alteration of wetlands or waters of the United States caused by an activity under a circumstance in which, not later than 3 years following

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1	the commencement of the activity, the wetlands or
2	waters—
3	"(A) are returned to the condition in exist-
4	ence prior to the commencement of the activity
5	or
6	"(B) display a condition sufficient to en-
7	sure that without further human action the
8	wetlands or waters will return to the condition
9	in existence prior to the commencement of the
10	activity.
11	"(15) Wetlands.—The term 'wetlands' means
12	lands that meet the standards for delineation of
13	lands as wetlands set forth in paragraphs (1) and
14	(2) of subsection (g).
15	"(16) Wetlands functions.—The term wet-
16	lands functions' means the roles wetlands serve that
17	are of value, including flood water storage, flood
18	water conveyance, ground water discharge, erosion
19	control, wave attenuation, water quality protection
20	scenic and aesthetic use, food chain support, fishery
21	support, wetlands plant habitat support, aquatio
22	habitat support, and habitat for wetlands-dependent
23	wildlife support.
24	"(b) Authorized Activities.—

- "(1) PERMIT REQUIREMENT.—No person shall undertake an activity in wetlands or waters of the United States unless the activity is undertaken pursuant to a permit issued by the Secretary, except as provided in paragraph (3).
  - "(2) ISSUANCE OF PERMITS.—The Secretary may issue permits authorizing activities in wetlands or waters of the United States in accordance with the requirements of this section.
  - "(3) ACTIVITIES NOT REQUIRING PERMITS.—
    An activity in wetlands or waters of the United States may be undertaken without a permit described in paragraph (2) from the Secretary if the activity is authorized under paragraph (5) or (6) of subsection (e), is exempt under subsection (f), or is otherwise exempt under another provision of this section.
  - "(4) APPLICATION.—Any person seeking to undertake an activity in wetlands or waters of the United States shall submit an application to the Secretary identifying the site of the activity. The applicant shall also provide such additional information regarding the proposed activity as may be necessary or appropriate for purposes of determining whether

and under what conditions the proposed activity maybe permitted to occur.

### "(c) WETLANDS CLASSIFICATION.—

"(1) APPLICATION.—In submitting an application under subsection (b), any person seeking to undertake an activity in wetlands for which a permit is required under subsection (b) shall request that the Secretary determine, in accordance with paragraph (3), the classification of the wetlands in which the activity is proposed to occur. The applicant shall also provide such information as may be necessary or appropriate for determining the classification of wetlands.

## "(2) Notice.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), not later than 90 days after the receipt of an application described in paragraph (1) relating to an activity in wetlands, the Secretary shall provide notice to the applicant of the classification of the wetlands that are the subject of the application and shall state in writing the basis for the classification. The classification of the wetlands that are the subject of the application shall be determined by the Secretary in accordance with the require-

1	ments for classification of wetlands under para-
2	graphs (3), (4), and (5).
3	"(B) Notice regarding advance clas-
4	SIFICATION.—In the case of an application pro-
5	posing an activity located in wetlands that are
6	the subject of an advance classification under
7	subsection (h), the Secretary shall provide no-
8	tice to the applicant of the classification within
9	30 days following the receipt of the application,
10	and shall provide an opportunity for review of
11	the classification under paragraphs (4) and (5).
12	"(3) CLASSIFICATION.—On receipt of an appli-
13	cation under this subsection with respect to wet-
14	lands, the Secretary shall, in accordance with the
15	standards and procedures established by regulation
16	issued under subsection (i)—
17	"(A) classify as type A wetlands the wet-
18	lands that are of critical significance to the
19	long-term conservation of the ecosystem of
20	which the wetlands are a part if—
21	"(i) the wetlands serve critical wet-
22	lands functions and values, including the
23	provision of critical habitat for a con-
24	centration of avian, aquatic, or wetlands-
25	dependent wildlife;

1	"(ii)(I) the wetlands consist of or are
2	a portion of 10 or more contiguous acres
3	and have an inlet or outlet for relief of
4	water flow; or
5	"(II) the wetlands contain a prairie
6	pothole feature, playa lake, or vernal pool;
7	"(iii) there exists a scarcity within the
8	watershed or aquatic ecosystem of identi-
9	fied ecological functions served by the wet-
10	lands such that the use of the wetlands for
11	an activity in wetlands or waters of the
12	United States would seriously jeopardize
13	the availability of the identified functions;
14	"(iv) there is no overriding public in-
15	terest in the use of the wetlands for pur-
16	poses other than conservation; and
17	"(v) the nature and scope of the wet-
18	lands functions and values of the wetlands
19	are such that minimization and compensa-
20	tion are not feasible means for conserving
21	the wetlands functions and values;
22	"(B) classify as type B wetlands the wet-
23	lands that provide habitat for a significant pop-
24	ulation of avian, aquatic, or wetlands-dependent
25	wildlife, or provide other significant wetlands

1	functions and values, including significant en-
2	hancement or protection of water quality in wa-
3	ters of the United States, or significant natural
4	flood control; and
5	"(C) classify as type C wetlands the wet-
6	lands that—
7	"(i) serve limited wetlands functions
8	and values;
9	''(ii) serve marginal wetlands func-
10	tions and values but that exist in such
11	abundance that regulation of activities in
12	the wetlands is not necessary for conserv-
13	ing important wetlands functions and val-
14	ues;
15	"(iii) are prior converted cropland;
16	"(iv) are fastlands; or
17	"(v) are wetlands within industrial
18	complexes or other intensely developed
19	areas that do not serve significant wet-
20	lands functions and values as a result of
21	the location.
22	"(4) De novo determination.—Not later
23	than 30 days after receipt of notice of an advance
24	classification by the Secretary under paragraph
25	(2)(B), an applicant may request that the Secretary

1	make a de novo determination of the classification of
2	wetlands that are the subject of the notice. The de
3	novo determination shall be made by the Secretary
4	in consultation with the Director. The Secretary may
5	sustain the advance classification made by the Direc-
6	tor. The Secretary may modify the classification if
7	the Secretary determines, on examination of all rel-
8	evant information submitted by the applicant or oth-
9	erwise available to the Secretary (including, if appro-
10	priate, an on-the-ground examination) that—
11	"(A) the lands involved do not meet the
12	standards for delineating wetlands set forth in
13	paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (g);
14	"(B) the weight of relevant information
15	does not support the determination of the ad-
16	vance classification with respect to the specific
17	wetlands involved;
18	"(C) the factual basis for the advance clas-
19	sification is no longer valid; or
20	"(D) the limitations on uses of the specific
21	wetlands involved that would be imposed by the
22	Secretary under this section would effectively
23	preclude reasonable economic use of the wet-

lands.

"(5) APPEALS.—In the event that the Secretary delegates authority to determine the classification of wetlands under paragraphs (3) and (4), the Secretary shall, by regulation, provide for a right of appeal to the Secretary or the designee of the Secretary of the classification of wetlands under paragraph (3) or the de novo determination of an advance classification in accordance with paragraph (4).

"(6) Maximum percent of lands classified as type A wetlands.—No more than 20 percent of any county, parish, or borough shall be classified as type A wetlands. For purposes of this paragraph, a county, parish, or borough includes any land in the county, parish, or borough that is owned by the United States or by a State, including land in a unit of the National Wildlife Refuge System, land in the National Park System, and land in a conservation easement.

## "(d) Compensation for Landowners.—

"(1) ELECTION TO SEEK COMPENSATION.—Any person (including a State or political subdivision of a State) who owns an interest in lands that have been classified as type A wetlands by the Secretary under subsection (c)(3)(A) or by the Director under

subsection (h) may, not later than 2 years after receipt of actual notice of the classification (or not later than 2 years after a de novo determination of the classification under subsection (c)(4)), notify the Secretary and the Director that the person is electing to seek compensation for the fair market value of the interest in lands at the time of the classification, in accordance with the requirements of this section. The fair market value may include reasonable attorney's fees and shall be calculated without regard to any diminution in value resulting from the applicability of this section.

"(2) NEGOTIATIONS.—Immediately on receipt by the Secretary and the Director of notification of election to seek compensation under paragraph (1), the Director shall enter into good faith negotiations with the owner for purposes of determining the value of the interest in lands that have been classified as type A wetlands. Not later than 90 days after receipt of the notification of election by the owner under paragraph (1), the Director shall make an offer of reasonable compensation to the owner.

#### "(3) ACTION OF OWNER.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 years after the date the Director makes an offer of

1	compensation under paragraph (2), the owner
2	shall provide notice that the owner, in the dis-
3	cretion of the owner—
4	"(i) accepts the offer of compensation;
5	"(ii) has filed a claim for determina-
6	tion of the value of the compensation de-
7	scribed in paragraph (1) with the United
8	States Court of Federal Claims; or
9	"(iii) advises the Director and the
10	Secretary that the owner elects to retain
11	title to the wetlands and elects not to re-
12	ceive compensation for the taking of land
13	under this subsection.
14	"(B) Failure to provide notice.—Fail-
15	ure to provide notice in accordance with this
16	paragraph shall be deemed an election to retain
17	title to the wetlands and not to receive com-
18	pensation under this subsection.
19	"(4) Effect of acceptance of offer or
20	FILING OF CLAIM.—On acceptance of an offer of
21	compensation, or the filing of a claim for determina-
22	tion of the value of compensation, under paragraph
23	(3), the classification as type A wetlands of the wet-
24	lands that are the subject of the offer or claim shall
25	be binding on the owner and any successor in inter-

est, and the title to the lands shall pass to the United States. The classification of the lands as type A wetlands under this paragraph shall constitute a taking by the United States of the interests in the lands of the owner and shall be compensable under this subsection.

"(5) EXTENT OF TAKING.—A taking under this subsection shall be deemed to be a taking of surface interests in lands only, with the following exceptions:

"(A) Exploration or development Not compatible with conservation.—If the Secretary determines that the exploration for or development of oil and gas or mineral interests is not compatible with conservation of the surface interests in lands that have been classified as type A wetlands located above the oil and gas or mineral interests (or located adjacent to the oil and gas or mineral interests where the adjacent lands are necessary to provide reasonable access to the interests), the Secretary may classify the oil and gas or mineral interests as type A wetlands and notify the owner of the interests that the owner may elect to receive compensation for the interests under paragraph (1).

1	"(B) Failure to provide reasonable
2	ACCESS.—The failure of the Secretary to pro-
3	vide reasonable access to oil and gas or mineral
4	interests located beneath or adjacent to surface
5	interests of type A wetlands shall be deemed a
6	taking of the oil and gas or mineral interests.
7	The Secretary shall classify the oil and gas or
8	mineral interests as type A wetlands and notify
9	the owner of the interests that the owner may
10	elect to receive compensation for the interests
11	under paragraph (1).
12	"(6) Jurisdiction.—The United States Court
13	of Federal Claims shall have jurisdiction—
14	"(A) to determine the value of interests
15	taken and the fair compensation required under
16	this subsection and the Constitution;
17	"(B) in the case of oil and gas or mineral
18	interests, to require the United States to pro-
19	vide reasonable access in, across, or through
20	lands that may be the subject of a taking under
21	this subsection solely for the purpose of under-
22	taking activity necessary to determine the value
23	of the interests taken; and
24	"(C) to provide other equitable remedies
25	determined to be appropriate.

"(7) EXECUTION OF JUDGMENT.—Any judgment rendered under paragraph (6) may be executed, at the election of the owner. Any owner seeking to execute such a judgment shall execute the judgment not later than 2 years after the date the judgment is rendered. The owner may, prior to the execution of the judgment, enter into an agreement with the United States for satisfaction of the judgment through a crediting of a tax benefit, acquisition of an interest in oil and gas or minerals, an exchange of interests in lands with the United States, or other means of compensation.

## "(8) Construction.—

"(A) AVAILABILITY OF OTHER REM-EDIES.—The remedy for a taking of an interest in lands under this subsection shall not be construed to preempt, alter, or limit the availability of other remedies for the taking of the interest in lands under the Constitution or under State law, including the taking of rights to the use of water allocated under State law or the taking of the interest in lands by denial of a permit under this section.

"(B) Taking by denial of a permit.— Any award of compensation for the taking of an

interest in lands by denial of a permit under this section shall be based on the fair market value of the interest in lands at the time of the taking. The fair market value may include reasonable attorney's fees and shall be calculated without regard to any diminution in value resulting from the applicability of this section.

- "(9) MANAGEMENT.—Interests in lands acquired by the United States under this subsection shall be managed by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service as a part of the National Wildlife Refuge System unless the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director, makes a determination otherwise, or unless otherwise provided by law.
- "(10) REQUIREMENTS GOVERNING USE OF WATER.—No action taken under this subsection shall be construed to alter or supersede requirements governing use of water applicable under State law.
- 19 "(e) Requirements Applicable to Permitted
- 20 ACTIVITY.—

"(1) Issuance or denial of permits.—Following the provision of notice of wetlands classification pursuant to subsection (c) if applicable, and after compliance with the requirements of subsection (d) if applicable, the Secretary may issue or deny a

permit for authorization to undertake an activity in 1 wetlands or waters of the United States, in accord-2 ance with the requirements of this subsection. 3 4 "(2) Type a wetlands.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall deny a permit authorizing an activity in type A 6 7 wetlands unless the Secretary determines 8 that— "(i) the activity can be undertaken 9 with minimal alteration or surface disturb-10 11 ance of the wetlands; or "(ii) the proposed use of the land, 12 taking into account all proposed mitiga-13 tion, will result in overall environmental 14 15 benefits, including the prevention of wetlands loss or degradation. 16 "(B) TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONCERN-17 18 ING MITIGATION.—Any permit issued authoriz-19 ing activities in type A wetlands may contain 20 such terms and conditions concerning mitigation (including terms and conditions applicable 21 22 under paragraph (3) for type B wetlands) as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to 23 24 prevent the unacceptable loss or degradation of type A wetlands. 25

## 1 "(3) Type B wetlands.—

"(A) Considerations.—The Secretary may issue a permit authorizing an activity in type B wetlands subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary finds are necessary to ensure that the watershed or aquatic ecosystem of which the wetlands are a part does not suffer significant loss or degradation of wetlands functions and values. In determining whether specific terms and conditions are necessary to avoid a significant loss or degradation of wetlands functions and values, the Secretary shall consider the following:

- "(i) The quality and quantity of ecologically significant functions and values served by the areas to be affected.
- "(ii) The opportunities to reduce impacts through cost-effective design to avoid or minimize use of wetlands.
- "(iii) The costs of mitigation requirements and the social, recreational, and economic benefits associated with the proposed activity, including local, regional, or national needs for improved or expanded infrastructure.

1	"(iv) The ability of the applicant for
2	the permit to mitigate wetlands loss or
3	degradation as measured by wetlands func-
4	tions and values.
5	"(v) The environmental benefit, meas-
6	ured by wetlands functions and values,
7	that may occur through mitigation efforts,
8	including restoration, preservation, en-
9	hancement, or creation of wetlands func-
10	tions and values.
11	"(vi) The marginal impact of the pro-
12	posed activity on the watershed or aquatic
13	ecosystem of which the wetlands are a
14	part.
15	"(B) Alternative site analyses and
16	PROJECT PURPOSES.—In considering applica-
17	tions for permits with respect to activities on
18	type B wetlands, the Secretary may require al-
19	ternative site analyses for individual permit ap-
20	plications involving the alteration or permanent
21	surface disturbance of 10 or more contiguous
22	acres of wetlands. In the case of such an appli-

cation, there shall be a rebuttable presumption

that the project purpose for the activities as de-

fined by the applicant shall be binding on the

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Secretary. In the case of such an application, the definition of project purpose for the activities sponsored by a public agency shall be binding on the Secretary, subject to the authority of the Secretary to impose mitigation requirements to minimize impacts on wetlands functions and values, including cost-effective redesign of the project to avoid wetlands.

"(C) REQUIREMENTS FOR MITIGATION.— Except as otherwise provided in this section, requirements for mitigation shall be imposed if the Secretary finds that activities undertaken under this section will result in the loss or degradation of type B wetlands functions and values where the loss or degradation is not an incidental or a temporary impact. When determining the mitigation requirements in any specific case, the Secretary shall take into consideration the characteristics of the wetlands affected, the character of the impact on ecological functions, whether any adverse effects on wetlands are of a permanent or temporary nature, and the costeffectiveness of the mitigation and shall seek to minimize the costs of the mitigation.

1	"(D) REGULATIONS GOVERNING REQUIRE-
2	MENTS FOR MITIGATION.—The Secretary shall
3	issue regulations under subsection (i) governing
4	requirements for compensatory mitigation, for
5	activities occurring in type B wetlands, that
6	allow for—
7	"(i) minimization of impacts through
8	project design for the activities, including
9	avoidance of specific wetlands impacts
10	where economically practicable and consist-
11	ent with the project purpose, provisions for
12	compensatory mitigation, if any, and other
13	terms and conditions necessary and appro-
14	priate in the public interest;
15	"(ii) preservation or donation of type
16	A wetlands or type B wetlands (if title has
17	not been acquired by the United States
18	and no compensation for the taking of the
19	wetlands has been provided) as mitigation
20	for activities that result in loss or degrada-
21	tion of wetlands;
22	"(iii) enhancement or restoration of
23	lost or degraded wetlands as compensation
24	for wetlands lost or degraded through per-
25	mitted activity;

1	"(iv) compensation through contribu-
2	tion to a mitigation banking program es-
3	tablished for a State pursuant to subpara-
4	graph (F);
5	"(v) offsite compensatory mitigation
6	with respect to an activity in a wetlands, if
7	the mitigation contributes to the restora-
8	tion, enhancement, or creation of signifi-
9	cant wetlands functions and values on a
10	watershed or ecosystem-wide basis and is
11	balanced with the effects that an activity
12	proposed to be carried out under a permit
13	will have on the specific site (except that
14	offsite compensatory mitigation, if any
15	shall be required only in the State in which
16	the proposed activity is to occur, and shall
17	to the extent practicable, be within the wa-
18	tershed or aquatic ecosystem within which
19	the proposed activity is to occur, unless
20	otherwise consistent with a State wetlands
21	management plan);
22	"(vi) contribution of in-kind value ac-
23	ceptable to the Secretary and otherwise au-

thorized by law;

1	"(vii) in areas subject to wetlands loss
2	or degradation, construction of coastal pro-
3	tection and enhancement projects;
4	"(viii) contribution of resources of
5	more than 1 permit recipient toward a sin-
6	gle mitigation project; and
7	"(ix) other mitigation measures deter-
8	mined by the Secretary to be appropriate,
9	in the public interest, and consistent with
10	the requirements and purposes of this Act.
11	"(E) Compensatory mitigation.—Not-
12	withstanding subparagraph (C), the Secretary
13	may determine not to impose requirements for
14	compensatory mitigation, with respect to an ac-
15	tivity in a wetlands, if the Secretary finds
16	that—
17	"(i) the adverse impacts of an activity
18	proposed to be carried out under a permit
19	are limited;
20	"(ii) the failure to impose compen-
21	satory mitigation requirements is compat-
22	ible with maintaining wetlands functions
23	and values and no practicable and reason-
24	able means of compensatory mitigation is
25	available;

1	"(iii) there is an abundance of similar
2	significant wetlands functions and values
3	in or near the area in which the proposed
4	activity is to occur that will continue to
5	serve the functions and values lost or de-
6	graded as a result of the activity, taking
7	into account the impacts of the activity
8	and the cumulative impacts of similar ac-
9	tivity in the area;
10	"(iv) the temporary character of the
11	impacts and the use of minimization tech-
12	niques make compensatory mitigation un-
13	necessary to protect significant wetlands
14	functions and values; or
15	"(v) a waiver from requirements for
16	compensatory mitigation is necessary to
17	prevent special hardship.
18	"(F) MITIGATION BANKING PROGRAM.—
19	"(i) Establishment.—The Sec-
20	retary, in consultation with the Director,
21	shall establish a mitigation banking pro-
22	gram in each State. The mitigation bank-
23	ing program shall be developed in consulta-
24	tion with the Director and the Governor of

the State in which the wetlands covered by

1	the mitigation banking program is located.
2	After approval of the program by the Sec-
3	retary, the Secretary may require contribu-
4	tions to the program as a means for ensur-
5	ing compensation for loss and degradation
6	of wetlands functions and values in the
7	State in accordance with the requirements
8	of this paragraph.
9	"(ii) Primary objective.—The pri-
10	mary objective of the programs shall be to
11	provide for the restoration, enhancement,
12	or, where feasible, creation of ecologically
13	significant wetlands on an ecosystem basis.
14	"(iii) Functions and values.—
15	Each program described in clause (i)
16	shall—
17	"(I) provide a preference for
18	large-scale projects for conservation,
19	enhancement, or restoration of wet-
20	lands, unless the Secretary (or the
21	Governor of a State that is admin-
22	istering a State permit program under
23	subsection (l)) determines that a
24	smaller project will contribute sub-

stantially to the conservation, en-

1	hancement, or restoration of eco-
2	logically significant wetlands functions
3	and values or that the restoration of
4	indigenous wetlands resources cannot
5	be accomplished through large-scale
6	projects;
7	"(II) authorize mitigation banks
8	sponsored by private entities or public
9	entities;
10	"(III) provide for the crediting to
11	a State or privately maintained miti-
12	gation bank of contributions in land
13	or cash, or in-kind contributions, so
14	that persons unable to sponsor spe-
15	cific mitigation projects can contribute
16	to the mitigation bank;
17	"(IV) have sufficient require-
18	ments to ensure completion, mainte-
19	nance, and supervision of wetlands
20	projects for at least a 25-year period,
21	including requirements for bonds or
22	other evidence of financial responsibil-
23	ity;

1	"(V) authorize the imposition of
2	bonding requirements on private enti-
3	ties operating the banks;
4	"(VI) limit activities in or on
5	wetlands that are part of a mitigation
6	bank to uses that are consistent with
7	maintaining or gaining significant
8	wetlands functions and values; and
9	"(VII) authorize a credit to be
10	provided on an acre-for-acre or value-
11	for-value basis for type A and B wet-
12	lands that are permanently protected
13	in national conservation units in any
14	State that has converted less than 10
15	percent of the historic wetlands base
16	of the State to other uses.
17	"(4) ACTION ON APPLICATIONS.—
18	"(A) Timing.—In the case of any applica-
19	tion for authorization to undertake activities in
20	wetlands or waters of the United States that
21	are not type C wetlands, final action by the
22	Secretary shall occur not later than 180 days
23	after the date the application is filed, unless-

1	"(i) the Secretary and the applicant
2	agree that the final action shall occur with-
3	in a shorter or longer period of time;
4	"(ii) the Secretary determines that an
5	additional, specified period of time is nec-
6	essary to permit the Secretary to comply
7	with other applicable Federal law; or
8	"(iii) the Secretary, not later than 15
9	days after the date the application is re-
10	ceived, notifies the applicant that the ap-
11	plication does not contain all information
12	necessary to allow the Secretary to con-
13	sider the application and identifies any
14	necessary additional information, in which
15	case the provisions of subparagraph (B)
16	shall apply.
17	"(B) Additional information.—On the
18	receipt of a request for additional information
19	under subparagraph (A)(iii), the applicant shall
20	supply the additional information and shall pro-
21	vide notice to the Secretary that the application
22	contains all requested additional information
23	and is therefore complete. The Secretary may—
24	"(i) not later than 30 days after the
25	receipt of notice from the applicant that

the application is complete, determine that
the application does not contain all requested additional information and, on the
basis of the determination, deny the application without prejudice with respect to resubmission; or

"(ii) not later than 180 days after the receipt of notice from the applicant that the application is complete, review the application and take final action on the application.

"(C) Failure to act on application.—

If the Secretary fails to take final action on an application as provided in subparagraph (B)(ii), on the 180th day described in such subparagraph a permit shall be presumed to be granted authorizing the activities proposed in the application under such terms and conditions as are stated in the completed application.

"(D) APPEALS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of a decision of the Secretary denying a permit requested in an application under this paragraph, the applicant may appeal the decision to the Secretary of Defense or the designee of the Secretary of Defense. On such

an appeal, the Secretary of Defense or the des-ignee shall uphold the decision of the Secretary of the Army if the Secretary of the Army proves by clear and convincing evidence that granting the permit requested in the application would be inconsistent with this section. "(5) Type c wetlands.— "(A) PERMIT NOT REQUIRED.—Activities 

- "(A) PERMIT NOT REQUIRED.—Activities in wetlands that have been classified as type C wetlands under subsection (c)(3)(C) by the Secretary or under subsection (h) by the Director may be undertaken without a permit referred to in subsection (b).
- "(B) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may establish requirements for reporting activities undertaken in type C wetlands.
- "(C) ALTERNATIVE SITE ANALYSIS AND MITIGATION NOT REQUIRED.—No requirements for alternative site analyses or mitigation of environmental impacts shall apply for activities undertaken in type C wetlands.
- "(6) National, regional, or statewide general permits.—

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"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may, in accordance with a regulation issued under subsection (i), issue general permits on a national, regional, or statewide basis for any category of activities in wetlands or waters of the United States for which a permit would otherwise be required under subsection (b), if the Secretary determines that the activities in the category are similar in nature and that the activities, whether performed separately or cumulatively, will not result in a significant loss or degradation of ecologically significant wetlands functions and values or of ecologically significant waters of the United States. Permits issued under this paragraph shall include procedures for expedited review of eligibility for the permits (if the review is required) and may include requirements for reporting and mitigation. The Secretary may impose requirements for compensatory mitigation for the permits if necessary to avoid or minimize the significant loss or degradation of significant wetlands functions and values where the loss or degradation is not an incidental or a temporary impact.

"(B) EXISTING GENERAL PERMITS.—General permits issued on a national or regional basis for activities in the wetlands or waters of the United States and in effect on the date of enactment of the Comprehensive Wetlands Conservation and Management Act of 1994 shall remain in effect until otherwise modified by the Secretary.

## "(f) ACTIVITIES NOT REQUIRING PERMIT.—

"(1) ACTIVITIES.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), activities in wetlands or waters of the United States shall be exempt from the requirements of this section and shall not be prohibited by or otherwise subject to regulation under this section or section 301 or 402 (except to the extent such sections relate to compliance with effluent standards or prohibitions under section 307), if the activities—

"(A) result from normal farming, silviculture, aquaculture, or ranching activities and practices, such as plowing, seeding, cultivating, minor drainage, burning of vegetation in connection with the activities and practices, harvesting for the production of food, fiber, or forest products, or upland soil and water conservation practices;

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including emergency reconstruction of recently damaged parts of currently (as of the date of the maintenance) serviceable structures such as dikes, dams, levees, water control structures, groins, riprap, breakwaters, causeways, and bridge abutments or approaches, and transportation structures;

"(C) are for the purpose of construction or maintenance of farm, stock, or aquaculture ponds or irrigation canals and ditches, or the maintenance of drainage ditches;

"(D) are for the purpose of construction of temporary sedimentation basins on a construction site that does not include placement of fill material into navigable waters;

"(E) are for the purpose of construction or maintenance of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, if the roads are constructed and maintained, in accordance with best management practices, to ensure that flow and circulation patterns and chemical and biological characteristics of the waters involved are not impaired, that the reach of the waters is not reduced, and that any ad-

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1	verse effect on the aquatic environment will be
2	otherwise minimized;
3	"(F) are undertaken on farmed wetlands,
4	except that any change in use of the wetlands
5	for the purpose of undertaking activities that
6	are not exempt from regulation under this sub-
7	section shall be subject to this section;
8	"(G) result from any activity with respect
9	to which a State has an approved program for
10	which an application was submitted under sec-
11	tion $208(b)(4)$ that meets the requirements of
12	subparagraphs (B) and (C) of such section;
13	"(H) are consistent with a State or local
14	land management plan submitted to the Sec-
15	retary and approved pursuant to paragraph (2);
16	"(I) are undertaken in connection with a
17	marsh management and conservation program
18	in a coastal parish in Louisiana if the program
19	has been approved by the Governor of the State
20	or the designee of the Governor;
21	"(J) are undertaken on lands or involve
22	activities within a coastal zone of a State that
23	are excluded from regulation under the State
24	coastal zone management program approved

1	under the Coastal Zone Management Act of
2	1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);
3	"(K) are undertaken in incidentally created
4	wetlands, unless the incidentally created wet-
5	lands have exhibited wetlands functions and val-
6	ues for more than 5 years (in which case activi-
7	ties undertaken in the wetlands shall be subject
8	to the requirements of this section);
9	"(L) are part of expanding an ongoing
10	farming operation involving the water depend-
11	ent, obligate crop, Vaccinium macrocarpin, if—
12	"(i) the expansion does not occur in
13	type A wetlands;
14	"(ii) the expansion does not result in
15	the conversion of more than 10 acres of
16	wetlands or waters of the United States
17	per operator per year; and
18	"(iii) the converted wetlands or waters
19	of the United States (other than in loca-
20	tions where dikes and other necessary fa-
21	cilities are placed) remain as wetlands or
22	other waters of the United States; or
23	"(M) result from aggregate or clay mining
24	activities in wetlands or waters of the United
25	States conducted pursuant to a State or

1	Federal permit that requires the reclamation of
2	the wetlands or waters of the United States, if
3	the reclamation meets conditions for reclama-
4	tion, including conditions that—
5	"(i) the reclamation shall be com-
6	pleted within 5 years of the commencement
7	of activities in the wetlands or waters; and
8	"(ii) on completion of the reclamation,
9	the wetlands or waters shall support func-
10	tions (including wetlands functions, as ap-
11	propriate) and values equivalent to the
12	functions and values supported by the wet-
13	lands or waters at the time of commence-
14	ment of the activities.
15	"(2) State and local land management
16	PLANS.—
17	"(A) DEVELOPMENT AND SUBMISSION OF
18	PLAN.—Any State or political subdivision of a
19	State acting pursuant to State authorization
20	may develop a land management plan with re-
21	spect to lands that include wetlands. A State or
22	local government agency, acting on behalf of
23	the State or political subdivision, may submit
24	the plan to the Secretary for review and ap-
25	proval. The Secretary shall, not later than 60

1	days after receipt of the plan, notify a des-
2	ignated State or local official in writing of ap-
3	proval or disapproval of the plan.
4	"(B) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall ap-
5	prove any plan described in subparagraph (A)
6	that is consistent with the objectives of this sec-
7	tion. No person shall be entitled to judicial re-
8	view of the decision of the Secretary to approve
9	or disapprove a land management plan under
10	this paragraph.
11	"(C) Construction.—Nothing in this
12	paragraph shall be construed to alter, limit, or
13	supersede the authority of a State or political
14	subdivision of a State to establish a land man-
15	agement plan for purposes other than the objec-
16	tives of this subsection.
17	"(g) Standards for Delineating Wetlands.—
18	"(1) In general.—
19	"(A) Establishment of standards.—
20	The Secretary shall establish standards, by reg-
21	ulation issued under subsection (i), that shall
22	govern the delineation of lands as wetlands for
23	purposes of this section.
24	"(B) Consultation.—Before establishing
25	standards as described in subparagraph (A),

1	the Secretary shall consult with the heads of
2	other departments and agencies of the United
3	States, including the Director, the Adminis-
4	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency,
5	and the Chief of the Soil Conservation Service
6	of the Department of Agriculture.
7	"(C) STANDARDS BINDING ON FEDERAL
8	AGENCIES.—The standards established as de-
9	scribed in subparagraph (A) shall bind all Fed-
10	eral agencies in connection with the administra-
11	tion or implementation of this section.
12	"(2) Delineation of Wetlands.—
13	"(A) In general.—The standards estab-
14	lished as described in paragraph (1)(A) shall be
15	issued in accordance with this paragraph, and
16	any decision of the Secretary, the Director, or
17	any other Federal officer or employee made in
18	connection with the administration of the stand-
19	ards, shall be made in accordance with this
20	paragraph.
21	"(B) REQUIREMENTS FOR DELINEATION
22	OF WETLANDS.—For purposes of this section,
23	lands shall be delineated as wetlands only if—
24	"(i) the lands are wetlands, as defined

in section 502;

1	"(ii) the Secretary finds clear evidence
2	of wetlands hydrology, hydrophytic vegeta-
3	tion, and hydric soil during the period in
4	which the delineation (to be conducted dur-
5	ing the growing season unless otherwise re-
6	quested by the applicant) is made;
7	"(iii) the delineation does not result in
8	the classification of vegetation as
9	hydrophytic if the vegetation is equally
10	adapted to dry or wet soil conditions or is
11	more typically adapted to dry soil condi-
12	tions than to wet soil conditions;
13	"(iv) the Secretary finds some obli-
14	gate wetlands vegetation present during
15	the period of delineation (except that if the
16	vegetation is removed for the purpose of
17	evading a requirement of this section, this
18	clause shall not apply);
19	"(v) the delineation does not result in
20	the conclusion that conditions of wetlands
21	hydrology are present unless the Secretary
22	finds water present at the surface of the
23	lands for at least 21 consecutive days dur-
24	ing the growing season (or period re-

quested by the applicant) in which such de-

lineation is made and for 21 consecutive days in the growing seasons in a majority of the years for which records are avail- able; and  "(vi) the lands were not temporarily or incidentally created as a result of adja- cent development activity.  "(C) Normal circumstances.—For the purpose of delineating wetlands under this sec- tion, a normal circumstance shall be determined on the basis of the factual circumstance in ex- istence on the date a classification is made under subsection (h), or on the date of applica- tion under subsection (b), whichever is applica- ble, if the circumstance has not been altered by an activity prohibited under this section.  "(h) United States Fish and Wildlife Service Wetlands Identification and Classification Project.— "(1) In general.—The Director, after receiv- ing the concurrence of the Chief of the Soil Con- servation Service, shall conduct a project to identify and classify wetlands in the United States. The Di-	
of the years for which records are available; and  "(vi) the lands were not temporarily or incidentally created as a result of adjacent development activity.  "(C) NORMAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—For the purpose of delineating wetlands under this section, a normal circumstance shall be determined on the basis of the factual circumstance in existence on the date a classification is made under subsection (h), or on the date of application under subsection (b), whichever is applicable, if the circumstance has not been altered by an activity prohibited under this section.  "(h) United States Fish and Wildlife Service Wetlands Identification and Classification  "(1) In General.—The Director, after receiving the concurrence of the Chief of the Soil Conservation Service, shall conduct a project to identify and classify wetlands in the United States. The Di-	lineation is made and for 21 consecutive
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10 "(C) Normal circumstances.—For the purpose of delineating wetlands under this section, a normal circumstance shall be determined on the basis of the factual circumstance in existence on the date a classification is made under subsection (h), or on the date of application under subsection (b), whichever is applicable, if the circumstance has not been altered by an activity prohibited under this section.  17 "(h) United States Fish and Wildlife Service Wetlands Identification and Classification 18 Wetlands Identification and Classification 19 Project.— 20 "(1) In general.—The Director, after receiving the concurrence of the Chief of the Soil Conservation Service, shall conduct a project to identify and classify wetlands in the United States. The Di-	or incidentally created as a result of adja
purpose of delineating wetlands under this section, a normal circumstance shall be determined on the basis of the factual circumstance in existence on the date a classification is made under subsection (h), or on the date of application under subsection (b), whichever is applicable, if the circumstance has not been altered by an activity prohibited under this section.  "(h) United States Fish and Wildlife Service Wetlands Identification and Classification Project.— "(1) In General.—The Director, after receiving the concurrence of the Chief of the Soil Conservation Service, shall conduct a project to identify and classify wetlands in the United States. The Di-	7 cent development activity.
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WETLANDS IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION PROJECT.—  "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, after receiving the concurrence of the Chief of the Soil Conservation Service, shall conduct a project to identify and classify wetlands in the United States. The Di-	an activity prohibited under this section.
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·	servation Service, shall conduct a project to identify
·	and classify wetlands in the United States. The Di
rector shall complete the project not later than 10	•

years after the date of enactment of the Comprehen-

- sive Wetlands Conservation and Management Act of 1994.
- "(2) STANDARDS FOR CLASSIFYING WET-LANDS.—In conducting the project, the Director shall identify and classify wetlands in accordance with the standards for delineation of wetlands established by the Secretary as described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (g).
  - "(3) NOTICE AND HEARING.—Before completion of identification and classification of wetlands under paragraph (1), the Director shall provide notice and an opportunity for a public hearing in each county, parish, or borough that includes lands subject to identification and classification.
  - "(4) Publication.—Promptly after completion of identification and classification of wetlands under paragraph (1), the Director shall publish information concerning the identification and classification in the Federal Register and in publications of wide circulation and take other steps reasonably necessary to ensure that information concerning the identification and classification is made available to the public.
  - "(5) Recording.—The Director shall, to the fullest extent practicable, record any classification of

lands as wetlands under paragraph (1) on the property records in the county, parish, or borough in which the wetlands are located.

"(6) Report to congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the Comprehensive Wetlands Conservation and Management Act of 1994, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of the Interior shall prepare and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on implementation of the project conducted under this subsection.

## "(i) Administrative Provisions.—

"(1) Promulgation of final regulations.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Comprehensive Wetlands Conservation and Management Act of 1994, the Secretary shall, after notice and opportunity for public comment, issue 1 or more final regulations for the issuance of permits under this section. The regulations shall—

20 "(A) establish standards and procedures 21 for—

> "(i) the classification and delineation of wetlands, and procedures for administrative review of the classification or delineation of wetlands;

1	"(ii) the review of State or local land
2	management plans and State programs for
3	the regulation of wetlands and waters of
4	the United States;
5	"(iii) the issuance of general permits
6	on a national, regional, or statewide basis
7	under this section;
8	"(iv) the issuance of individual permit
9	applications under this section;
10	"(v) enforcement of this section;
11	"(vi) administrative appeal of an ac-
12	tion by the Secretary denying an applica-
13	tion for a permit referred to in subsection
14	(b), or issuing a permit referred to in sub-
15	section (b) subject to 1 or more conditions;
16	and
17	"(vii) any other related area that the
18	Secretary determines necessary or appro-
19	priate to implement the requirements of
20	this section; and
21	"(B) establish requirements governing the
22	establishment of a mitigation bank.
23	"(2) Judicial review of a final regula-
24	TION.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
2	subparagraph (B), any judicial review of a final
3	regulation issued pursuant to paragraph (1),
4	and any denial by the Secretary of a petition
5	for the issuance or repeal of a regulation under
6	paragraph (1), shall be conducted in accordance
7	with sections 701 through 706 of title 5, United
8	States Code.
9	"(B) Jurisdiction of court.—A peti-
10	tion for review of the action of the Secretary in
11	issuing a regulation under paragraph (1), or de-
12	nying a petition for the issuance or repeal of a
13	regulation under paragraph (1), may be filed
14	only in the United States Court of Appeals for
15	the District of Columbia. The petition for re-
16	view may only be filed—
17	"(i) not later than 90 days after the
18	date of issuance or denial; or
19	"(ii) if the petition for review is based
20	solely on grounds arising after the date of
21	issuance or denial, not later than 90 days
22	after the date the grounds arise.
23	Action by the Secretary with respect to which
24	review could have been obtained under this

1	paragraph shall not be subject to judicial review
2	in civil or criminal proceedings for enforcement.
3	"(3) Interim regulations.—
4	"(A) Promulgation of interim regu-
5	LATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the
6	date of enactment of the Comprehensive Wet-
7	lands Conservation and Management Act of
8	1994, the Secretary shall issue interim regula-
9	tions consistent with paragraph (1). The in-
10	terim regulations shall become effective on the
11	date of issuance. Notice of the interim regula-
12	tions shall be published in the Federal Register.
13	Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the in-
14	terim regulations shall apply until the issuance
15	of final regulations under paragraph (1).
16	"(B) Waiver of interim regula-
17	TIONS.—The Secretary shall provide a proce-
18	dure for waiving a provision of an interim regu-
19	lation—
20	"(i) in a case in which the applicant
21	demonstrates special hardship, inequity, or
22	unfair distribution of burdens; or
23	"(ii) in a case in which the Secretary
24	determines that a waiver under this sub-

paragraph would advance the purposes of this section.

"(4) AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT REGULATIONS.—Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, the Secretary shall be responsible for carrying out this subsection. The Secretary or any other Federal officer or employee in whom any function under this section is vested or to whom any such function is delegated may perform any and all acts (including appropriate enforcement activity), and may prescribe, issue, amend, or rescind any regulation or order the officer or employee may find necessary or appropriate to prescribe, issue, amend, or rescind under this section, subject to the requirements of this section.

## "(j) VIOLATIONS.—

"(1) Enforcement by secretary.—Whenever the Secretary finds, on the basis of reliable and substantial information and after reasonable inquiry, that a person is or may be in violation of this section or a condition or limitation set forth in a permit issued by the Secretary under subsection (b) the Secretary shall—

1	"(A) issue an order requiring the person to
2	comply with this section or with the condition
3	or limitation in the permit; or
4	"(B) bring a civil action in accordance
5	with paragraph (3).
6	"(2) Orders issued by secretary.—
7	"(A) Copy of order sent to states.—
8	A copy of each order issued under paragraph
9	(1) shall be sent immediately by the Secretary
10	to the Governor of the State in which the viola-
11	tion occurred and the Governor of any other af-
12	fected State.
13	"(B) Service.—Except as provided in
14	subparagraph (C), any order issued under para-
15	graph (1) shall—
16	"(i) be issued by personal service to
17	the appropriate person or corporate officer;
18	"(ii) state with reasonable specificity
19	the nature of the asserted violation; and
20	"(iii) specify a period for compliance,
21	not to exceed 30 days, that the Secretary
22	determines is reasonable (taking into ac-
23	count the seriousness of the asserted viola-
24	tion and any good faith efforts to comply
25	with applicable requirements).

1	"(C) Time limit on order.—
2	"(i) In general.—Not later than
3	150 days after the date of service under
4	subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall—
5	"(I) take such action as is nec-
6	essary for the prosecution of a civil
7	action in accordance with paragraph
8	(3); or
9	"(II) rescind the order issued
10	under paragraph (1) and be estopped
11	from any further enforcement pro-
12	ceeding for the same asserted viola-
13	tion.
14	"(ii) Disputed orders.—If a person
15	receiving service under subparagraph (B)
16	disputes the finding described in para-
17	graph (1) and notifies the Secretary in
18	writing not later than 90 days after the
19	service, the Secretary shall, not later than
20	60 days after receiving the notification of
21	the dispute—
22	"(I) take such action as is nec-
23	essary for the prosecution of a civil
24	action in accordance with paragraph
25	(3); or

"(II) rescind the order and be estopped from any further enforcement proceeding for the same asserted violation.

"(3) CIVIL ACTIONS.—The Secretary may commence a civil action for appropriate relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction, for any violation for which the Secretary may issue an order under paragraph (1). An action commenced under this paragraph may be brought in the district court of the United States for the district in which the defendant is located or resides or is doing business, and the court shall have jurisdiction to restrain the violation and to require compliance. Notice of the commencement of the action shall be given immediately to the Governor of any affected State.

"(4) PENALTIES.—Any person who violates this section or a condition or limitation in a permit issued by the Secretary under subsection (b), or who violates an order issued by the Secretary under paragraph (1), shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation involved, commencing on the day following expiration of the period allowed for compliance. The amount of the penalty imposed per day shall be in proportion

- 1 to the scale or scope of the project that results in
- 2 the violation. In determining the amount of a civil
- penalty under this paragraph, the Secretary or the
- 4 Court, as appropriate, shall consider the seriousness
- of the violation, the economic benefit (if any) result-
- 6 ing from the violation, any history of a previous vio-
- 7 lation, any good-faith effort to comply with applica-
- 8 ble requirements, the economic impact of the penalty
- 9 on the violator, and any other matter that justice
- may require.
- 11 "(k) State Authority To Control Dis-
- 12 CHARGES.—Nothing in this section shall affect or impair
- 13 the right of a State or interstate agency to control activity,
- 14 including activity of a Federal agency, in waters of the
- 15 United States within the jurisdiction of the State or inter-
- 16 state agency. Each Federal agency shall comply with a
- 17 State or interstate requirement, whether substantive or
- 18 procedural, to the same extent that a person is subject
- 19 to the requirement. This section shall not affect or impair
- 20 the authority of the Secretary to maintain navigation.
- 21 "(I) STATE REGULATION OF WETLANDS AND WA-
- 22 TERS.—
- 23 "(1) APPLICATION FOR STATE REGULATION.—
- 24 The Governor of a State desiring to administer an
- individual and general permit program for an activ-

1	ity in wetlands or waters of the United States within
2	the jurisdiction of the State shall submit to the Sec-
3	retary—
4	"(A) a description of the program pro-
5	posed to be established and administered under
6	State law; and
7	"(B) a statement from the chief legal offi-
8	cer of the State that the State law provides
9	adequate authority to carry out the described
10	program.
11	"(2) Determination by secretary.—Not
12	later than 1 year after the date of receipt by the
13	Secretary of a program description and statement
14	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall determine
15	whether the State has the authority to—
16	"(A) issue permits that—
17	"(i) apply, and ensure compliance
18	with, each applicable requirement of this
19	section; and
20	"(ii) can be terminated or modified
21	for cause, including—
22	"(I) a violation of any condition
23	or limitation in the permit;
24	"(II) evidence that the permit
25	was obtained by misrepresentation or

1	failure to disclose fully all relevant
2	facts; or
3	"(III) a change in any condition
4	that requires either a temporary or
5	permanent reduction or elimination of
6	the permitted activity;
7	"(B)(i) issue permits that apply, and en-
8	sure compliance with, all applicable require-
9	ments of section 308; or
10	"(ii) inspect, monitor, enter, and require
11	reports to at least the same extent as required
12	under section 308;
13	"(C) ensure that the public, and any other
14	State in which the wetlands or waters of the
15	United States may be affected by the issuance
16	of a permit under this subsection, receive notice
17	of each application for a permit under this sub-
18	section and provide an opportunity for a public
19	hearing before a ruling on the application;
20	"(D) ensure that the Secretary receives no-
21	tice of each application for a permit under this
22	subsection and, prior to any action by the
23	State, ensure that both the applicant for the
24	permit and the State receive from the Secretary
25	information with respect to any advance classi-

1	fication applicable to wetlands or waters of the
2	United States that are the subject of the appli-
3	cation;
4	"(E) ensure that each State (other than
5	the State seeking to issue permits under this
6	subsection) in which the wetlands or waters of
7	the United States may be affected by the issu-
8	ance of a permit under this subsection may sub-
9	mit a written recommendation to the permitting
10	State with respect to any permit application
11	and, if any part of the written recommendation
12	is not accepted by the permitting State, ensure
13	that the permitting State will notify the af-
14	fected State (and the Secretary) in writing of
15	the failure by the permitting State to accept the
16	recommendation together with the reason for
17	the failure by the permitting State to accept the
18	recommendation of the affected State; and
19	"(F) abate a violation of the permit or the
20	permit program, through a civil or criminal
21	penalty or other means of enforcement.
22	"(3) Approval or modification of pro-
23	GRAM.—
24	"(A) Approval of Program.—If, with
25	respect to a proposed State program for which

a description and statement were submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary determines that the State has the authority set forth in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall approve the program, notify the State, and suspend the issuance of permits under subsection (b) for each activity with respect to which a permit may be issued pursuant to the State program.

"(B) Modification of Program.—If, with respect to a proposed State program for which a description and statement were submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary determines that the State does not have the authority set forth in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall notify the State and provide a description of any revision or modification necessary so that the State may resubmit the program for another determination by the Secretary under this subsection.

"(4) Failure of Secretary to Make Deter-MINATION.—If, with respect to a proposed State program for which a description and statement were submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary fails to make a determination within 1 year after the date of receipt of the description and statement, the pro

- posed program shall be deemed to be approved pursuant to paragraph (3)(A) on the day that is 1 year after such date, the Secretary shall notify the State of the approval, and the Secretary shall suspend the issuance of permits under subsection (b) for each activity with respect to which a permit may be issued pursuant to the State program.
  - "(5) Transfer of applications.—After approval of a State permit program under this subsection, the Secretary shall transfer to the State for appropriate action any application for a permit pending before the Secretary for an activity with respect to which a permit may be issued pursuant to the State program.
  - "(6) Suspension of enforcement.—If the Secretary is notified that a State with a permit program approved under this subsection intends to administer and enforce the terms and conditions of a general permit issued by the Secretary under subsection (e)(6), the Secretary shall, with respect to each activity in the State to which the general permit applies, suspend the administration and enforcement of the general permit.
  - "(7) CORRECTIVE ACTION.—If the Secretary determines after a public hearing that a State ad-

1	ministering a program approved under this sub-
2	section is not administering the program in accord-
3	ance with this section, the Secretary shall notify the
4	State and, if appropriate corrective action is not
5	taken within a reasonable time (not to exceed 90
6	days after the date of the receipt of the notification),
7	the Secretary shall—
8	"(A) withdraw approval of the program
9	until the Secretary determines appropriate cor-
10	rective action has been taken; and
11	"(B) resume the program for the issuance
12	of permits under subsections (b) and (e)(6) for
13	all activities with respect to which the State
14	was issuing permits, until such time as the Sec-
15	retary makes the determination described in
16	paragraph (2) and approves the State program
17	again.
18	"(8) Regulation by an interstate agen-
19	CY.—For purposes of this subsection:
20	"(A) Governor.—The term 'Governor' in-
21	cludes the head of an interstate agency.
22	"(B) State.—The term 'State' includes
23	an interstate agency.
24	"(C) STATE LAW.—The term 'State law'
25	includes an interstate compact.

- 1 "(m) Copies Available to Public.—A copy of
- 2 each permit application submitted, and each permit is-
- 3 sued, under this section shall be available to the public.
- 4 Each permit application or portion of a permit application
- 5 shall also be available on request for the purpose of repro-
- 6 duction.
- 7 "(n) Compliance With Permit Satisfies Re-
- 8 QUIREMENTS.—Compliance with a permit issued pursuant
- 9 to this section, including carrying out an activity pursuant
- 10 to a general permit issued under this section, shall be
- 11 deemed, for purposes of sections 309 and 505, to be com-
- 12 pliance with sections 301, 307, and 403.
- 13 "(0) EFFECTIVE DATE FOR PERMIT PROVISIONS.—
- 14 After the 90th day after the date of enactment of the
- 15 Comprehensive Wetlands Conservation and Management
- 16 Act of 1994, no permit for an activity in wetlands or wa-
- 17 ters of the United States may be issued except in accord-
- 18 ance with this section. Any permit for an activity in wet-
- 19 lands or waters of the United States issued prior to the
- 20 90th day shall be deemed to be a permit under this section
- 21 and shall continue in force and effect for the term of the
- 22 permit unless revoked, modified, or suspended in accord-
- 23 ance with this section. An application for a permit pending
- 24 under this section on the 90th day shall be deemed to be
- 25 an application for a permit under this section.

"(p) Limit on Fees.—Any fee charged in connection 1 2 with— "(1) the delineation or classification of wet-3 lands: 4 5 "(2) an application for a permit authorizing an activity in wetlands or waters of the United States; 6 7 or "(3) any other action taken in compliance with 8 the requirements of this section (other than a pen-9 alty for a violation under subsection (j)); 10 shall not exceed the amount of the fee in effect on January 1, 1990.". 12 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS. Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control 14 15 Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph: 16 17 "(21) Wetlands' means 18 lands, such as swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar 19 areas, that have a predominance of hydric soils and 20 that are inundated by surface water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under 21 22 normal circumstances support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil con-23 ditions.".

## SEC. 5. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. 2 (a) Section 119(c)(2)(E) of the Federal Water Pollu-3 tion Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1269(c)(2)(E)) is amended by striking "wetland" and inserting "wetlands". 5 (b) Section 208(b)(4)(B)(iii) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1288(b)(4)(B)(iii)) is amended by striking "the guidelines established under section 404(b)(1), and" and inserting "section 404, and with the guidelines established under". (c) Section 309 of such Act (33 U.S.C. 1319) is 10 amended— 11 12 (1) in subsection (a)— 13 (A) in the first sentence of paragraph (1), by striking "or 404"; and 14 (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "or in a 15 16 permit issued under section 404 of this Act by a State": 17 18 (2) in subsection (c)— 19 (A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "or in 20 a permit issued under section 404 of this Act 21 by the Secretary of the Army or by a State"; (B) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "or in 22 23 a permit issued under section 404 of this Act by the Secretary of the Army or by a State"; 24 25 and

1	(C) in the first sentence of paragraph
2	(3)(A), by striking "or in a permit issued under
3	section 404 of this Act by the Secretary of the
4	Army or by a State,";
5	(3) in the first sentence of subsection (d), by
6	striking "or in a permit issued under section 404 of
7	this Act by a State,,"; and
8	(4) in subsection (g)—
9	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
10	ing the following new paragraph:
11	"(1) VIOLATIONS.—If the Administrator finds,
12	on the basis of any information available, that a per-
13	son has violated section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308,
14	318, or 405, or has violated any permit condition or
15	limitation implementing any of such sections in a
16	permit issued under section 402 by the Adminis-
17	trator or by a State, the Administrator may, after
18	consultation with the State in which the violation oc-
19	curred, assess a class I civil penalty or a class II
20	civil penalty under this subsection.";
21	(B) in the third sentence of paragraph
22	(2)(B), by striking "and the Secretary";
23	(C) in paragraph (6)(A)(iii), by striking ",
24	the Secretary.'':

1	(D) by striking "or Secretary, as the case
2	may be," and "or the Secretary, as the case
3	may be," each place they appear; and
4	(E) by striking "or Secretary", "or the
5	Secretary", and "or Secretary's" each place
6	they appear.
7	SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this Act shall become ef-9 fective 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

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